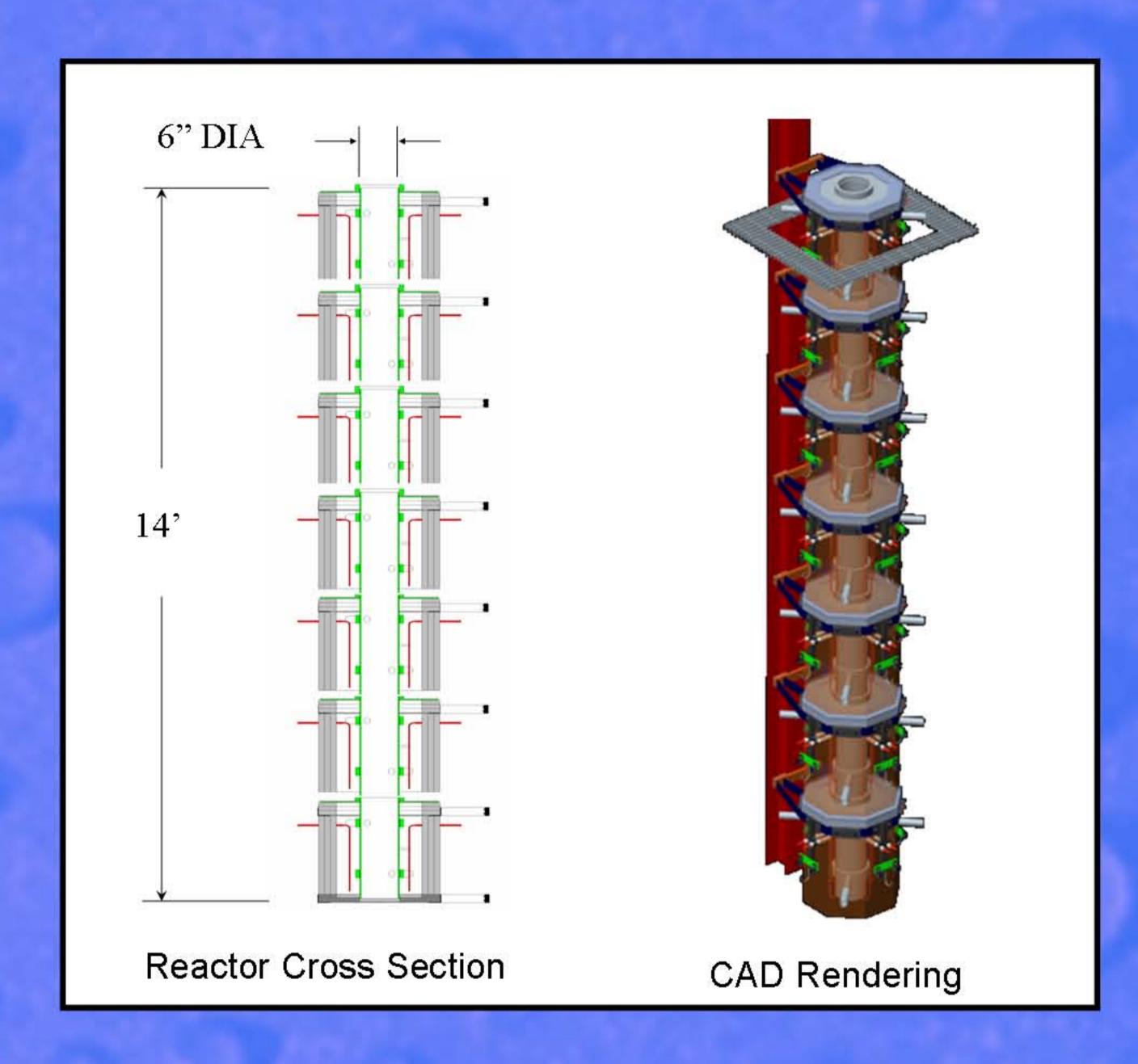


# A Comprehensive Combustion Model with Deposition

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## **Background**

The deposition and accumulation of ash on the walls of a coal-fired reactor significantly reduces the overall heat transfer rate through the reactor's walls. CFD codes often include basic deposition models but do not model many of the phenomena important to the behavior of deposit layers in coal-fired reactors.

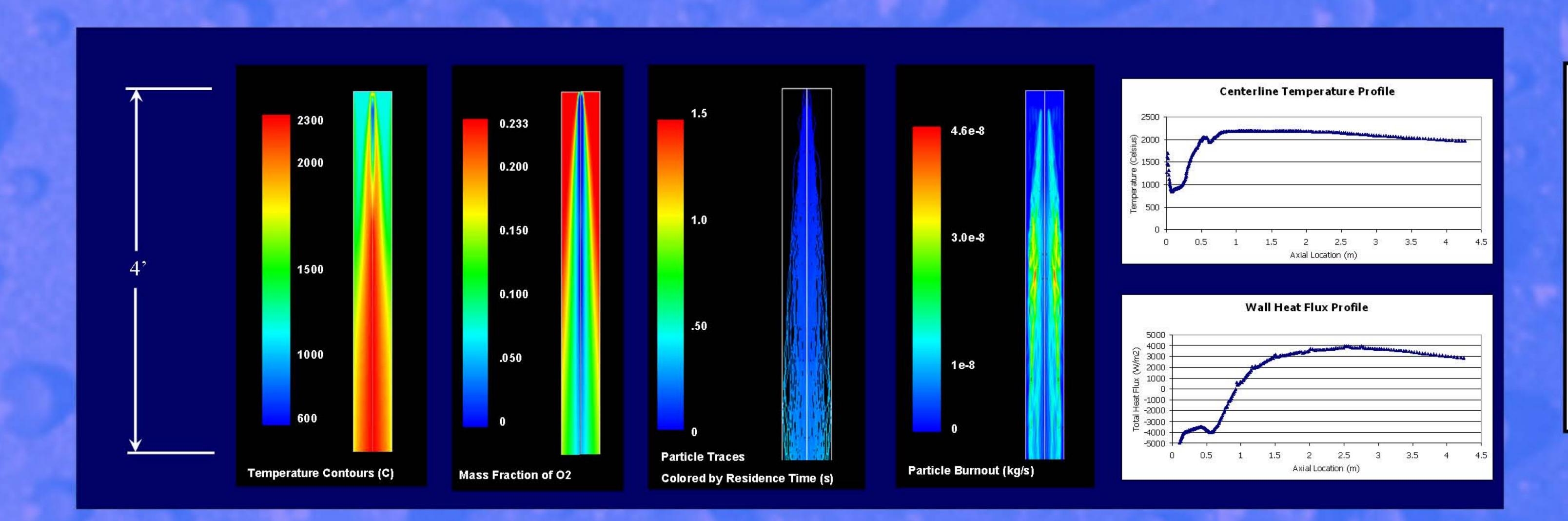
#### **Objectives**

- Build a new Multi-fuel reactor with heated walls.
- Model the reactor's combustion processes.
- Couple the transient deposit layer model to the steady state combustion model.
- The transient model contains deposition rate, deposit layers (particulate, sintered, frozen, slag), conduction and radiation heat transfer models.

### **Combustion Model**

- Dimensions
  - 6" Diameter x 14' Long
- Coal
  - 0.6-1.2 kg/hr
  - 60µm Particles
- Air
  - 10-17 kg/hr
  - \_ 1000 °C
- Wall Models
  - Fixed Temperature Profile
  - Thick Wall with Convection
  - Deposit Layer UDF
  - Emittance UDF

- Grid
  - 2D Axisymmetric
  - Structured
  - 12801 Nodes
- Chemistry / Properties
  - Non-premixed Combustion
  - Equilibrium Look-up Tables
- Particle Tracking
- Stochastic Random Walk
- Combusting Coal Particle
- Deposition UDF
- Other Models
  - Viscous: k-ω
  - Radiation: P1



## Summary

- Construction of the new multi-fuel reactor is currently in progress.
- Combustion processes in the reactor have been modeled.
- Coupled transient ash-layer model to the steady state reactor.
- Future work will incorporate deposition and emittance models into the combustion model.